



UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SACRAMENTO DIVISION

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

On September 26, 2006, September 27, 2006, and October 5, 2006, the court held evidentiary hearings on the motion of Kevin Nelson to value the equity interests of Kevin and Kirk Nelson in the debtor.

Daniel L. Egan and Megan A. Lewis of Wilke, Fleury, Hoffelt, Gould & Birney, LLP, appeared for creditor Kirk Nelson; Thomas Phinney of Parkinson & Phinney appeared for the moving party, Kevin Nelson; and Thomas Willoughby of Felderstein, Fitzgerald, Pascuzzi & Willoughby appeared for the chapter 11 trustee, Hank Spacone.

Based on the evidence presented, and pursuant to Federal

Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure 7052 and 9014, the court finds and concludes as announced orally and on the record as well as is set forth below:

- 1. On January 3, 2005, the debtor, Russ Transmission, Inc., filed a voluntary chapter 11 petition. A trustee was thereafter appointed pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1104(a)(2) on or about February 18, 2005.
- 2. On August 30, 2006, creditor and shareholder Kevin Nelson filed his "Motion to Value Stock of Debtor." The court interprets this to be a request that it value the equity interests of Kevin and Kirk Nelson in the debtor. Because the debtor is being, or may be, liquidated under the terms of the Second Amended Plan of Reorganization proposed by Kevin Nelson, their respective equity interests must be based on the net value of the corporate assets.¹
- 3. The court has subject matter jurisdiction over this contested matter. See 28 U.S.C. § 1334(b). This matter is a core proceeding. See 28 U.S.C. Section 157(b)(2)(A), (B), (L) and (O).
- 4. The motion and notice of the hearing on the motion, as well as notice of the deadline for a response to the motion, were duly served on all required and necessary parties, including Kirk Nelson and his attorney.
- 5. In valuing the debtor's real property in connection with the proposed plan, the debtor's liquidation would be

This is the valuation approach taken by the parties. No one attempted to argue that the debtor corporation had a "going concern value" or that its "goodwill" and/or other intangibles had any value.

required to make the payments called for under the "Buy-Out Option." As a result, the court values the real property by considering the fair market value and then deducting reasonable costs of sale and all taxes occasioned by sale.

- 6. The debtor has the following material assets with the following fair market values:
 - a. Cash Accounts. Based on the stipulation of the parties, the debtor has bank accounts with balances of \$2,318,994, \$96, and \$297,536.
 - b. Lionudakis Blocked Account. The debtor has another bank account with a balance of \$397,040. This bank account is subject to the disputed lien and interest of Philip Lionudakis for attorneys' fees and costs associated with a dispute over the secured claim of Mr. Lionudakis. The maximum likely claim against this blocked account is \$100,000.2
 - c. Real Property (Dos Rios). The debtor owns real property located on Dos Rios Street, Sacramento California. This real property has a fair market value of \$5,000,000. The likely closing costs arising upon sale would be \$400,000, and the likely income tax would be \$1,806,647. Thus, the net fair market value of the Dos Rios property is \$2,793,353.
 - d. Real Property (Elvas Avenue). The debtor owns two contiguous parcels of real property located at 6671 and 6801 Elvas Avenue, Sacramento California. The real

Of course, this is in no way binding on Mr. Lionudakis.

property has a value of \$2,160,000. In determining the value of the Elvas Avenue Property, the court gives substantial weight to the appraisal reports prepared by Stover Harrington, Inc. and the testimony of Stephen L. Harrington. The likely closing costs upon sale of the Elvas Avenue property would be \$120,000, and the likely income tax upon sale would be \$519,426. Thus, the net fair market value of the Elvas Avenue property is \$1,520,574.

- e. Real Property (Knights Landing). The debtor owns real property located in Knights Landing, California. The parties stipulated that the real property has a value of \$700,000. The likely closing costs upon sale of the Knights Landing property would be \$56,000, and the likely income tax incurred upon sale would be \$39,356. Thus, the net fair market value of the Knights Landing property is \$604,644.
- f. Effect of IGDC Interest. Indigenous Global
 Development Corporation (IGDC) holds a 25% interest in
 the Dos Rios and Elvas Avenue properties. The debtor,
 however, holds a \$2.5 million promissory note from IGDC
 and other claims based upon the alleged breach of an
 agreement between debtor and IGDC. The debtor's claims
 against IGDC are likely equal to or more than the value
 of IGDC's interest in the Dos Rios and Elvas Avenue
 properties. The likely cost of canceling IGDC's
 interest in the properties is \$25,000.

- g. Value of Business Assets. The tangible assets that comprise the debtor's automobile transmission repair business have a fair market value of \$50,000.
- h. Total Value of Assets. The total value of the debtor's assets, after costs of sale and income taxes, is \$7,857,237.
- 7. The debtor's liabilities are as follows:
 - a. **G.E. Capital.** The parties have stipulated that the debtor is indebted to G.E. Capital in the approximate amount of \$1,360,000 under a promissory note secured by the Dos Rios property.
 - b. Carrington Trust. The parties have stipulated that the debtor is indebted to the Carrington Trust in the amount of \$400,000 under a promissory note secured by the Knights Landing property.
 - c. Carrington Trust. The parties have stipulated that the debtor is indebted to the Carrington Trust in the amount of \$540,000 under a promissory note secured by the Dos Rios and Elvas Avenue properties.
 - d. Administrative Claims. Current administrative expenses, together with the administrative expenses likely to be incurred if the proposed plan was confirmed, would total \$50,387 for the trustee, \$94,867 for the trustee's counsel, and \$7,716 for the trustee's accountant.
 - e. Administrative Trade Payable Claims. The debtor is subject to an estimated claim of \$60,000 for overpayments made by the lessee of a cell tower site on

the debtor's property, as well as an estimated claim of \$25,000 for vendor payables.

- f. Pre-petition Non-Insider Claims. The pre-petition, non-insider claims total \$290,000.
- g. Insider Claims. Kevin Nelson has a subordinated claim of \$792,000 arising from the court-approved, post-petition loan to the debtor. Kevin Nelson also holds an unsecured claim in the amount of \$118,372.95, and Kirk Nelson holds an unsecured claim in the amount of \$143,605.
- h. Total Claims. The claims asserted against the debtor aggregate \$3,881,948.
- 8. The value of the debtor's assets, less the debtor's liabilities, is \$3,975,289.
- 9. Kevin and Kirk Nelson each own one-half of the outstanding shares of stock in the debtor.³ There is one class of stock. Without the adjustment discussed below, each would be entitled to \$1,987,644.50 from the liquidation of the debtor's assets.
- 10. Prior to the commencement of the case the debtor transferred property located on Hedge Avenue, Sacramento, California to Kevin Nelson. The transfer was made for no past, present, or future consideration from Kevin Nelson or anyone

The court makes no findings or conclusions regarding any right that Ronald and Mary Ann Nelson, the parents of Kirk and Kevin Nelson, may have to a portion of the stock held by Kirk and/or Kevin Nelson. Ronald and Mary Ann Nelson have not filed a proof of claim or otherwise appeared in this court, and the resolution of the issue is unnecessary to the disposition of the matters before the court.

While at and around the time of the transfer, the debtor else. and Kevin Nelson intended that the debtor remain the beneficial owner of the property, Kevin Nelson since has maintained that he is both its record and beneficial owner. The debtor is not seeking to recover the property from Kevin Nelson. Therefore, because the transfer was for no consideration and was transferred to Kevin Nelson because he was a shareholder of the debtor, the value of the transfer, \$792,000, is a dividend. That is, it was transferred to Kevin Nelson on account of his equity interest in the debtor.

- 11. Kirk and Kevin Nelson had and have an equal right to receive dividends from the debtor on account of their equity interests in the debtor. Kevin Nelson received a \$792,000 dividend from the debtor. Kirk Nelson did not receive a \$792,000 dividend from the debtor. Therefore, Kirk Nelson also should have received a \$792,000 dividend, or the \$792,000 dividend should have been divided equally between Kirk and Kevin Nelson.
- 12. Because the debtor is financially unable to pay an equalizing dividend to Kirk Nelson, and because the debtor will be liquidated, Kevin Nelson's previous receipt of a \$792,000 dividend must dilute his equity in the debtor to reflect that he received \$396,000 that should have been paid to Kirk Nelson.4

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incorporated by reference.

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²⁵ The objection to claim, Docket Control No. PP-8, the motion to value the stock of the debtor, Docket Control No. PP-26 11, and Kevin Nelson's proposed plan of reorganization, all put

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13. Had the \$792,000 not been paid to Kevin Nelson by the debtor, on liquidation Kevin and Kirk Nelson would be entitled to one-half of \$4,767,289 (\$2,383,644.50 each) rather than one-half of \$3,975,289 (\$1,987,644.50 each) that now is available.

14. Based upon the foregoing, the court concludes that the value of Kirk Nelson's equity interest is \$1,987,644.50 plus \$396,000, or \$2,383,644.50; and that the value of Kevin Nelson's equity interest in the debtor is \$1,987,644.50 minus \$396,000, or \$1,591,644.50.5 The \$396,000 adjustment, representing half of the \$792,000 dividend, is necessary to account for the dividend paid to Kevin Nelson but not to Kirk Nelson.

A separate order will be entered.

Dated: 25 Oct. 2006

By the Court

Michael S. McManus, Chief Judge

Michael S. McManus, Chief Judge United States Bankruptcy Court

The value of Kevin Nelson's equity, \$1,591,644.50, when added to the value of Kirk Nelson's equity, \$2,383,644.50, equals the \$3,975,289 in net asset value.

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CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I, Susān C. Cox,	in the performance of my duties as a
judicial assistant to	the Honorable Michael S. McManus, mailed by
ordinary mail to each	of the parties named below a true copy of
the attached document.	

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Dated: October 36, 2006

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